Generally cloudy weather, with rains.

THE DEPARTMENT OF THE

: WHEN CLOTHING STORE:

THAT IS DEVOTED TO

: SPRING OVERCOATS

KERSEYS-in light and dark shades,

\$7.50 to \$25.

Princess Flour,

EX-SENATOR BOWEN IN A STEW.

He Left an Undervest with \$13,000 Hanging

in a Bath-Room and Got Very Excited.

CHICAGO, March 21 .- An undervest con-

taining \$18,000 in cash and papers valued

at twice that amount was left in the Turk-

ish bath-rooms at the Palmer House by ex-

Senator Thomas M. Bowen, of Denver, last

evening. It was found half an hour later

in the dressing-room the ex-Senator had

occupied by E. A. M. Watson, a colored at-

tendant, who at once carried it to Clerk

Subsequently Senator Bowen was seen

by a reporter and questioned regarding his

loss: "Why, there is not a word of truth

in the story," he exclaimed. "I am not

such a fool as to carry that amount of

money and valuables around with me. It

is absurd and ridiculous, and I don't see-"

He did not finish the sentence. As he

"Hold on, "he cried out excitedly. "Who

told you that? Ring the bell for a porter.

Heavens and earth, where is my hat; come with me down to the office, quick. Did you

Then the United States Senator of Col-

orado went down the stairs, four steps at a

jump, rushed up to Clerk Cunningham, and

in a nervous voice asked: "is my vest here! Have you my money? Did any one

Clerk Cunningham looked up with a provoking smile and asked: "What is it

This was too much for the Colorado Sen-

"You told me a while ago that you had

lost nothing," continued the clerk.
"I have lost \$13,000 in cash," he ex-

plained, "and papers I would not take

In the bath-rooms it was learned that

Watson had gone home. He lived on

Seventeenth street, and thither a messen-

ger was dispatched in a carriage. Mean-

time Senator Bowen was in a state of

pervous excitement. He had purchased

tickets and accommodations to Denver for

himself and wife, and his train was to leave

in less than an hour. Before the attendant

came the manager of the bath-rooms walked in. He identified the ex-Senator as the man who left the vest, and it was

given to him. He left a good-sized bill for

the attendant who found the vest, and,

getting into a carriage, was driven, with

his wife, to the Rock Island depot, where

AT HANOVER COLLEGE.

The Faculty Generously Relieves Seniors

from Term-Examination.

HANOVER, Ind., March 21.-After a whole

term of mactivity, the Union Literary So-

ciety is again ready to resume work. By

the decision of a committee from the fac-

ulty, the contested election is awarded to

the Sigma Chi faction. This gives the

presidency to Frank Crozier for the second

term. An agreement having been signed

beforehand, all parties will abide by the

The senior debate took place last Monday

morning in the college chapel. E. A

Schultze was leader of the affirmative.

while C. M. Leslie championed the nega-

tive. The question was, "Resolved, that

the United States Congress, as a legislative body, compares unfavor-

ably with the British Parliament."

After a discussion, which, on the

whole, was quite meritorious, the

judges decided the question in favor of

the affirmative. As there are eighteen

In addition to their regular course of three lectures, the Philalathean Society

succeeded in securing the "New York Stars," who, on last Wednesday night, en-

tertained a large and appreciative audi-

ence. While some of the selections were

only of ordinary merit, several, such as

the opening piano duet, were very ex-

cellent. The committee which had the

course in charge deserves great credit for

the efficiency with which everything in

H. W. Burger, '94, while rambling around Dead Man's Falls, slipped and fell a dis-

tance of twenty feet to the rocks below.

sustaining severe, albeit not serious, in-

Since many of the seniors necessarily

were excused from examinations in order

that they might prepare their orations for

the coming society exhibitions, the faculty

decided to allow all the members of the

class the same privilege. It is almost need-

less to say that the other classmen envy

them the good fortune, and, while under-

going the hardships of examination, re-

gard with covetuous glances the seniors'

Bigamist, Murderer and Suicide.

PITTSBURG, March 21.—It was proven to-day that Frederick W. Milley, who killed

his wife and then shot himself last Friday,

was a bigamist as well as a murderer and

suicide. He married the woman he mur-

dered nearly four years ago, but already

had a wife and family in Philadelphia.

The first wife arrived in the city yesterday

and was present at the funeral of the sni-

phia wife will make a fight for the deceased's belongings. His life was insured and he

drew a pension. The murdered woman

He Tested the Keeley Cure.

TROY, N. Y., March 21 .- John Kelly was

arrested in this city last night for drunken-

ness. Kelly says he was recently discharged

from the Keeley institute at White Plains

as a cared patient. He came to this city

several days ago with the determination of

was buried this afternoon.

going on a spree.

cide. It is understood that the Philadel-

juries about the head and face.

connection with the course was managed

members of the senior class, the debate oc-

cupied the greater part of the morning.

he took the train for Denver.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ator and he excitedly exclaimed: "Con-

found you, is my money here? Come now

don't fool with me. Where is it, quick?"

say it was at the office?"

twice that amount for.'

was talking he had placed his hand under-

neath his vest. The undervest was gone.

Cunningham.

Made by Blanton, Watson & Co.

\$10.00 Elegant BLACK CHEVIOTS, - -MELTONS and SERGES-in beautiful shades of gray.

\$14. \$15, \$16.50 and \$20.

And other too numerous to mention.

TO THE TRADE: WE OFFER BOSTON RUBBER SHOE CO.'S GOODS FOR SEASON 1892-93 At 50 per cent. off on Bostons : : : At 50 and 10 per cent. off on Bay States
Delivery made after March 31. Prices guaranteed.

M'KEE & CO., Wholesale Boots Shoes and Rubbers 98 and 95 South Meridian St.

Cleveland, Cincinnati, BIG Chicago & St. Louis ROUTE.

For information as to the exact points, time and ether particulars, call at "Big 4" offices: No. 1 East Washington street, No. 35 Jacks n Place, Massachusetts-avenue and Union Stations.

\$3.65-TO CHICAGO-\$3.65

WORLD'S FAIR ROUTE

On and after March 23, 1892, this company will sell first-class tickets to Chicago at \$3.65. The Big Four is the only line whose trains pass through the C. LUMBAN EXPOSITION GROUNDS in full view of all its buildings, and it therefore the only line that can justly claim the title of the WORLD'S FAIR ROUTE. It is also the only line entering Chicago via the celebrated Lake Front. All it passenger trains stop to receive and deliver passengers at Van Buren street, directly opposite the Great Auditorium, and in close preximity to the Grand Pacific, Palmer. Great Northern, Wellington, Leiand and nearly all the leading hotels of Chicago. Solid Vestibule Passenger Trains, composed of the finest compariment and standard Buffet Sleepers.

Reclining Chair, Parior Cafe Cars and First-class Coaches leave Indianapolis Union Station daily at 12:01 noon and 12:30 midnight, reaching Chicago in time for all Western connections.

Local Indianapolis & Chicago sleeper is placed on sleeping car track west of Union Station. Open for passengers at o p. m. daily. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

> *3.45 a. m. 110.57 a. m. *2.56 p. m. 4.25 p. m.

16.20 p. m. IS TIME TRAINS LEAVE

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Making close connection at Cincinnati in same di pot without transfer, for all POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

TICKET-OFFICES-Corner Illinois street and Kentucky avenue, 134 South Illinois street, and H. J. BHEIN, General Agent.

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Are and Incandescence

For particulars address

BRUSH ELECTRIC CO. CLEVELAND, OHIO.

PITCH GAS TAR PITCH

FOR SALE

INDIANA POLIS GAS 49 South Pennsylvania St.

KRAKAUER PIANOS

If you will call and examine these exquisite Pianos, and examine into their merits, and ascertain the low prices and easy monthly payments upon which they are sold. you will buy one.

Pearson's Music-House,

Nos. 82 and 84 N. Pennsylvania St. Fine Tuning and Repairing.

Whole Family Only 5 cts. a Day

Your demands answered any moment, day or night. Six-room house. Bath, water-closet, sprinkling forty feet front, and domestic service, only 5c a day.

INDIANAPOLIS WATER CO.,
75 Circle street.

88° FOR WAGON WHEAT ACME MILLS, West Washington St.

DEMOCRATIC "GREEN GOODS"

One of the Most Disreputable Tricks Ever Perpetrated by a Political Party.

Republican States Flooded with "Confidential" Circulars Copied After Those Sent Out by Dealers in Counterfeit Money.

Bogus Newspaper Clippings Inclosed, Telling How the Treasury Is Robbed,

And How the Farmer Is Being Ruined by the "Iniquitous War Tariff"-An Outrageous Phase of that "Campaign of Education."

DEMOCRATIC SWINDLERS.

Farmers Flooded with "Green-Goods" Cir culars-Queer Campaign Literature.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, March 21.-One of the shrewdest, boldest, and certainly most disreputable of schemes which the Democratic national committee has adopted in the prosecution of their "campaign of education" has been unearthed to-day. It is nothing less than the use of the familiar "green-goods" game-a "confidential" circular, with inclosed "elippings"-to inject tariff-reform literature into the unwilling and unsuspicious farmer of the Northwest. For several weeks past the New York papers have noted unusual activity in the distribution of alleged "green-goods" literature from New York city and vicinity. Attention was called only a few Peekskill of persons who are flooding the mails with circulars of this character. It appears that the States of Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota, in which the elusive rambow was chased during the last campaign, have been deluged with these documents, all emanating from New York. Thousands of farmers have received, during the past three weeks, a plain manilla envelope, postmarked New York city, and containing first the old familiar "confidential" circular, expressing the desire of the writer to obtain a shrewd agent to handle "green goods," and inclosing an alleged newspaper clipping, which, the circular states, will afford all the information desired, and which is self-ex-

The clipping is the milk in the political cocoanut. It is a perfect fac-simile of a clipping from some daily paper, corresponding in type and ruling in the make-up of every metropolitan journal. On the one side is an alleged special from Washington, dated March 6, and headed "How the Treasury Is Robbed." After a detailed interview with General Rosecrans, the Democratic Register of the Treasury, in which he states that the government cannot protect itself against counterfest greenbacks, and that the counterfeiters are evidently backed in their nefarious work by some person high in government favor, and that it is a proven fact that they are in collusion with the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, the campaign document proceeds: "Thousands of dollars of this spurious issue have been used by the Republican party to further its interests on election day, and it is positively asserted that officials high in government favor have been sending these spurious greenbacks to their friends, to be

distributed on election day." "NO LOAD IN THAT BARREL." The excited granger who has been reading this screed with much interest now turns over, and on the back of the alleged clipping finds a double-leaded tariff-reform editorial entitled "No Load in That Barrel," and devoted to showing that "the poor, persecuted farmer has finally learned to laugh at these war-tariff sophistries:" that, in short, "the farmer pays the great part of this iniquitous burden and has at last come to know it." Another editorial makes an attack upon Senators Allison and John Sherman as possible candidates for

The last evidence of how carefully this text-book in the campaign of education has been prepared is shown by the fact that where circulars are sent to German farmers the political editorial on the rear of the aleged clipping is devoted to the success with which the Democracy has handled the financial question, and a denunciation of the late silver-purchase bill passed by the last Congress as tending to depreciate the value of the investments in savings banks.

The ingenuity af this scheme is worthy of the ablest Democratic Hungry Joe. Experience has taught that nothing is more difficult than to make the Western farmer read the average congressional speech on the tariff. By this clever device the persons to whom these sealed envelopes are sent at once become interested in the subject, their attention is attracted, and while they are seeking information as to "greengoods" methods, they are unconsciously abscrbing sound Democratic doctrine. The extent to which this scheme has been worked lately shows that there is large money, as well as able directing political minds, behind it. It is hinted that several heavy New York importers are interested in this novel method of promulgating freetrade doctrines. One thing is certain, either the Democratic national committee is composed of accomplished "green-goods" men, or the "green-goods" fraternity are

ardent "tariff reformers." Investigation at the Postoffice Department this evening showed that the political sentences quoted in the alleged "greengoods" circulars are additions which are not found in any of the alleged newspaper slips captured by any of the postoffice inspectors in their raid on genuine "greengoods" men. None of the newspaper clippings ever captured by them show a tariffreform editorial, or a sound-money editorial, as is the case in the newspaper clippings scattered throughout the Northwest by these tariff reformers. This is here considered very good corroborative evidence that the entire "green-goods" circular is merely a political trick.

BILL'S BOOM BUSTED. At Least that Is the View Taken of an Interview with Manager Gorman.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BALTIMORE, Md., March 21 .- A fourcolumn interview with Senator Gorman published in the New York Sun created not a little comment in political circles in Baltimore. The News this evening says that in many quarters the extended interview with Mr. Gorman is looked upon as a formal declaration on the Sun's part that the Hill boom is a failure, and that Gorman is now the most promising man among those mentioned for nomination. The references to

war, to the extent of opposition to Mr. Gorman in the Democratic party in Maryland, to the relative importance of the various issues, to the political activities of various prominent Marylanders in past times, and many other points of a striking character, served to make the interview very interesting reading to many persons. The News, which favors Cleveland's nomination, quotes several leading citizens and politicians: and politicians:

Gen. Bradley T. Johnston said: "Mr.

Gorman's interview is a very instructive

Gorman's interview is a very instructive one. I have heard that there was a Democratic convention held in Baltimore in the days of the war in the face of martial law and provost guards and all that, and I never heard Mr. Gorman's name as associated with that nerve-testing performance. The idea that the opposition in Maryland is because he was a Union man and the attempt to put him down by Henry May is buncombe. I can speak for the Maryland confederates, for I know them well. There has not been a minute since Appomattox that we have not respected brave, honest, consistent Union men. Maulsby and such like we like to honor, but we despise sneaks. At any rate I am glad that Mr. Gorman has 'located' himself, glad that Mr. Gorman has 'located' himself, as we used to say down in Virginia. He has a perfect right to choose his position

and stand the consequences."

Mr. I. Freeman Rasin, the boss of Baltimore city politics, said the interview did not sound like Gorman. "I'll tell you what I think." said Mr. Rasin. "Cleveland will be nominated at Chicago, even if land will be nominated at Chicago, even if
they have to defeat the two-third rule to
do it. There is no use in talking about any
one else for President but Cleveland."

Hon. J. Fred C. Talbott, State Insurance
Commissioner, an ex-confederate soldier,
and at present leader of the Baltimore
county Democrats, said: "The interview
proves one thing, and the is that Mr.
Gorman was neither a secessionist nor a
Republican, but a Union man and a Democrat during the war. Gorman's talk will crat during the war. Gorman's talk will do no harm, and while the people would vote for him, if nominated, yet they are for

Cleveland.' Ex-Governor Oden Bowie said: "I have always considered Mr. Gorman an important figure in State politics ever since he Governor Whyte. His importance has increased since that day, until now I deem him a possibility for the presidential nomination. I have been for Cleveland, but I am afraid the fight in New York will result in the downfall of both Cleveland and Hill. Then Gorman will be the man. There must be some mistake about Mr. Gorman's saying that transportation is the overshadowing issue in politics. I was always simple enough to think the tariff and the silver questions formed the issues, but Mr. Gorman ought to know.'

Milis Is Confident.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, March 21 .- Roger Q. Mills was on the floor of the House to-day for the first time in some days, as sickness has kept him indoors much of the time since the tariff debate began. He was besieged with questions concerning the battle over the Texas senatorship, which is now in progress. Mr. Mills was very positive as to the outcome, and said that he was certain to be elected when the formal vote was taken to-morrow. In view of the unpleasantness of his surroundings since his defeat for the speakership he will be very glad to remove to the other end of the Cap-

A dispatch from Austin, Tex., says: I ndications count for anything Roger Q. Mills will be elected Senator from Texas to-morrow. It will not be surprising if Senator Chilton yet withdraws and leaves the field undisputed to the tariff reformer. Indeed, the friends of the young Senator so advise, but so far he wants a showdown in order to demonstrate he has a respectable following in the hope of strengthening future prospects for such office.

Political Notes. Cleveland will likely have a solid delega-

tion from Minnesota Arrangements have been made by the trade and labor union of the knights of Labor and other industrial organizations at St. Louis to hold a delegate convention in that city, April 2, to consider matters concerning their relations to the People's

"LUCKY" BALDWIN IN FOR IT.

His Only Daughter Elopes with Her Cousin, Formerly of Crawfordsville.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 21. - The an conncement was made to-day that Anita Baldwin, the only daughter of "Lucky" Baldwin, the well-known California millionaire, had eloped with her cousin, George Baldwin. The latter came here five years ago from Crawfordsville, Ind., and since then has been employed at the Baldwin Hotel. He is twenty-five years of age, while the young woman is but eighteen. It transpires they were secretly married Jan. 5, and that having faried subsequently to obtain the millionaire's consent to a proposed prospective union, they took advantage of his absence, he being now at his Santa Anita rauch in the southern part of the State. It is stated that the millionaire had seriously opposed the match and had taken measures to keep the young people apart. The news of her marriage and elopement has been conveyed to Bald-

win at his ranch. As Miss Baldwin is a minor the young couple could not obtain a license to marry. Baldwin obtained a tug and they were married out at sea by a minister. The secret was well kept and was only divulged when the husband and wife became tired of living apart. Even after the secret marriage Anita frequently asked her father's consent to marry her cousin, but the old gentleman was obdurate. He had frequently stated his intention of making Anita his heir if she obeyed his wishes, and it is said he promised to give her the famous

Santa Anita farm with ten millions. During the trouble, which arose during the courtship, "Lucky" Baldwin threatened to virtually disinherit his daughter if she married young Baldwin. "I'll give her nothing for her support, and in my will will provide her with a home not to cost over \$15,000," was the manner in which he stated his intentions.

WOULDN'T DO TO HUNT BEARS.

Leslie St. Clair Takes Five Shots at His Hated Rival Without Touching a Hair.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. VINCENNES, Ind., March 21.-A sensation has been created in this city over a shooting aftray that occurred here last night. Lee Greiner, proprietor of the Vincennes shoe' factory, was escorting a young woman nome from church when Leslie St. Clair, an adopted son of the late F. W. Fay, and the heir to a large fortune, came up behind the couple and began firing at Greiner. Five shots rang out on the quiet Sabbath evening, while as many balls whizzed by Mr. Greiner. The latter, being unarmed, found safety in flight, leaving his fair companion to take her chances getting shot. The girl was so frightened that for a time she was rooted to the spot. St. Clair being master of the situation approached the frightened damsel and commanded her not to be alarmed. He then reassuringly took her arm and walked home with her. Both young men have been paying attention to the girl, and it seems that the company of young Greiner was given a preference to that of young St. Clair, not at all to the taste of the latter.

Movements of Steamers. GLASGOW, March 21 .- Arrived: State of Nebraska, from Glasgow. New York, March 21. - Arrived: La Bretagne, from Havre. ANTWERP, March 21 .- Arrived: Noordland, from New York. Boston, March 21 .- Arrived: Michigan, from Liverpool.

HAMBURG, March 21 .- Arrived: Slavonia,

from Baltimore. LONDON, March 21 .- Sighted: California, from New York. SOUTHAMPTON, March 21. - Arrived: Elbe. from New York.

Alderman Roth Tells the Grand Jury How His Robber Colleagues Initiated Him Into the Independent Order of Boodlers.

Aldermanic Jobbery at Terre Haute to Receive Critical Investigation.

Supposed Steal Connected with a \$150,000 Contract-Corruption Fund of \$3,000,000 at the Door of New Jersey's Legislature.

THE COILS TIGHT ENING.

General Lieb Says the Grang Jury Is After Bigger Game Than Aldermen. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CHICAGO, March 21 .- Late this afternoon indictments were returned by the grand jury against the following aldermen: William J. O'Brien, Nicholas A. Cremer, Patrick J. Gorman, Philip Jackson, Stephen M. Gosselin, John F. Dorman and Daniel R. O'Brien. It was rumored-and for awhile the story looked plausible-that the "combine" in the City Council had succeeded in seducing the State's chief witness from his fealty to honesty, and had persuaded him to leave town. Alderman Roth was the first witness on Judge Longenecker's list this morning. Roth was notified last night to appear at 10 o'clock to-day and tell his story. Ten, 11, and 12 clock came, but no Roth. Suspicion of the part of the State's attorney that Roth been tampered with became almost a certainty. Accordingly Longenecker went into court and asked for an attachment. This was ordered issued, but before the paper could be prepared and sent out for service Roth himself, very much flustered. appeared, and said he was ready to give his testimony. He was taken before the grand jury, and told a remarkable story, upon which the indictments were returned.

The charges, or most of them, are for conspiracy to do an unlawful act. The conspiracy indictments will include the names of many other persons as accomplices. Roth's examination by the grand jury, while occupying some time, did not extend to the particulars of his knowledge of dishonesty by aldermen. It touched only the highest visible peaks of the evidence around which cluster many heaps of corroborative details. His story ran something like thus:

On July 13 the alderman from the Thirteenth ward was approached by Alderman "Dan" O'Brien, who suggested to him that there would be big "money in it" for the members of the Council who would vote for the Economic gas ordinance. Roth pretended to acquiesce, but demanded time to consider the proposition. This was granted and Roth sought the counsel of a friend to whom he confided the facts, saying: "I think I have a good chance now to trap the boodle aldermen."

HE WAS A SLY ALDERMAN.

He asked for advice as to what course to pursue. This friend advised Roth to continue acting as if in accord with the propositions made to him and to accept any bribe offered him, keeping a careful record of all incidents connected with the transactions. Roth followed this advice to the letter. He was coy, however, and declined to listen further to "Dan" O'Brien. Then he was approached by "Billy" O'Brien, to whose eloquence Roth pretended to yield. The Economic gas ordinance came up for passage and Roth pledged himself to vote for it. In return for this promise O'Brien gave him \$750, which he promptly deposited with the men who are now conducting the

Roth, by virtue of this, was now considered one of the initiates, so far as boodle was concerned, and when the Northern Pacific came up he was approached openly and for his vote he was paid \$1,000, the money being given him by Alderman John Powers. The three other aldermen named above, also as stated, approached Roth at different times and offered him money to vote for different ordinances in which they were interested.

The other witnesses examined to-day were President J. S. Zimmerman, of the People's Gas Company, who told the grand jury that no alderman held stock in his concern. President E. D. Hosmer, of the Chicago & Jefferson Urban Transit Company, related the story of his unsuccessful attempt to secure a right of way and of the efforts of certain aldermen to black-mail

ALDERMEN GIVE BAIL. Capiases were at once issued for the indicted aldermen, and deputy sheriffs were sent out to hunt them up. Before court adjourned all had been brought in except Aldermen Gosselin and Gorman. former was arrested in the Council chamber this evening. Alderman Gorman, it is believed, has decamped, as all efforts to find him have proved unavailing. He was around the court building while the grand jary was in session and displayed extreme nervousness, leaving the building hurriedly when the jury reported. The prisoners were each released on \$10,000 bail. All the indicted men except Alderman Gorman were in attendance at the regular meeting of the Council this evening, but took no

Alderman Roth made a statement to the

public this evening, which discloses the fact that the leading newspapers of the

city are behind the prosecution, and that

part in the proceedings.

it was to assist them in exposing the corruption among the city fathers that he accepted money for his votes on the "boodle ordinances. In his statement he says: "I had not been long in the Council until I found ordinances were not always passed upon their merits, nor even upon friendship existing among aldermen, but some cases settled down to a dispensation of money. At the time of the passage the Economic gas ordinance over the Mayor's veto, it was found by the boodle members of the Council that it would be necessary to bring into line some aldermen not in line on the original vote on the ordinance. I suppose, therefore, thinking my vote would be worth more in satisfying the public-the ordinance was not wholly bad-than the vote of some members whose reputations were less satisfactory, led them to prefer me to others who might have been bought. I was spoken to by one of the O'Briens, who said I could receive a consideration for my vote. Knowing the Daily News and other newspapers had taken a vigorous public stand against boodling in the Council, and that they would be friendly to any exposure of the Council's methods, and with the view of bringing the corruptionists to justice I called on the Daily News. The matter was carefully talked over by various persons interested in public affairs, and arrangemenas were made for receiving the money promised in such a way that witnesses could testify to the visit of the man who paid the money. Seven hundred and fifty dollars were paid me in my office, which money immediately showed to my book-keeper explaining who had paid it and why it was

paid. This was on the Wednesday after

the passage, over the Mayor's veto, of the

Economic gas ordinance. This money,

within five minutes after receiving it, I

took over to the Daily News office, and, in the presence of witnesses,

deposited it in a sale in a sealed

envelope bearing the date and statement as to what it referred to. About two weeks after that the ordinance of the Northern Pacific passed the Council the second time. A certain alderman from the South Side ward informed me about noon on July 28, the day after the ordinance had passed, that 'Billy' O'Brien had the money and that he was to meet O'Brien at the Sherman House at 2 o'clock.

DIVIDING THE BOODLE. "I immediately communicated the fact to the Daily News office, and I understand they had the Sherman House watched, and discovered the statement which had been made to me was correct, and that the aldermen met at that place as appointed. Very soon after 2 o'clock 'Billy' O'Brien met me in the city clerk's office and conducted me into the wash-room, where he handed me an envelop with the word 'Roth' written on the outside. The envelope was sealed.

"I went over to the office of Mr. Baker, the attorney for the Tribune, and tele-

phoned for representatives of other papers. The envelope was opened in the presence of all these witnesses and was found to contain two five-hundred-dollar bills. The witnesses took the numbers of bills and they were then carefully sealed up in the envelope and the signatures of those present placed on the outside of the envelope. This was then, I understand, taken to the Daily News office and placed with the other money. Afterward I am told that the various papers hired detectives to watch various mem-bers of the Council, and in this manner secured much corroborative evidence. But with this I had nothing to do. I myself took no money at any time for any other purpose than bringing to light the corrupt methods employed in the City Council, and have profited in no way thereby, other than in the feeling of satisfaction that follows a

Not one of the indicted afdermen would talk for publication this evening further than to express great surprise that they had been indicted and to profess to be perfectly able to prove their entire innocence of any wrong. The proceedings of the Council meeting to-night were unusually subdued until the introduction of the following: "Ordered that the corporation council be instructed to a lend to the State's attorney all the aid in his power duty performed. the State's attorney all the aid in his power in investigating the alleged corruption in the City Council. "There ought to be honor among thieves," exclaimed Alderman O'Neill, jocosely, "and I don't think the Council should order an officer of the city to do anything of the kind. "On motion of Alderman O'Neill the "order" was The investigation into boodleism by the

grand jury is not to be confined to the three ordinances which have been so frequently nentioned in that connection. State's A torney Longenecker said last night that the result in the conviction of a money-giver or money-takers. Among other ordinances the passage of which will be inquired into will be the lately-passed omnibus ordinance, giving the Chicago City Kailway Company the right to string overhead wires and run electric cars on most of the streets not already occupied. The grand jury will also make a determined effort to sift the relations between the Gas Trust and the city authorities, particularly the circumstances attending the settlement with the officers of the Trust last June, by which the rate of \$1.20 a thousand was accepted. It is stated that the jury has information showing that certain aldermen maintain business relations with the trust, and are constantly active on behalf of the big syndicate. The State's attorney says that the investigation big four-mile tunnel (built out under the lake for the purpose of increasing the city's water supply) will be re-He states that evidence has been laced in his hands showing municipal jugglery stretching over years past. Reasons will be given showing just why the aldermanie committee recently appointed to investigate the construction of the tun nel failed to probe evidences of fraud and wrong-doing. President Billings, of the Gas Trust, who is at Hot Springs, says in an interview that there is nothing in the story that "boodle" aldermen offered to kill the Economic gas ordinance for \$150,-000. He states that when the ordinance was pending one or two aldermen asked him what he wanted done with it, but that his reply was that he did not care whether it was passed or not.

TERRE HAUTE BOODLERS. Indications that Some Fat Jobbery Has Bee Going on There.

Special to the Indianapo'is Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., March 21,-Terre Haute has a municipal-contract scandal on hand in which there is promise of sensa tional developments. Last Tuesday night the Council let a contract for a sewer extension at \$14,500. The city engineer had estimated the cost at \$10,000, but subsequently made an explanation that seemed to be satisfactory to the Council, at least so far as any word or action on their part indicated. There were five other bidders, the lowest being \$15,000, and the others ranging a few hundred dollars more. These other contractors have now exposed a corrupt combination, implicating themselves, with the hope that they may defeat the | jured internally. Several other men were letting of the contract. They tell how they had met in a saloon wine-100m, and, after they had prepared bids at about \$10,000 agreed that one of the firms should bid \$15,000 and that this firm should divide the excess among the others. This was agreed to, at 7 o'clock, last Tuesday evening. An hour later they heard read in Council the \$14,500 bid of Frederick Fischer, a rank outsider. It is openly charged that one of their number betrayed them to Fischer, and that later in the night he was with the city engineer rejoicing over the fact that he "had got even" with the firm that was to get the contract at \$15,000. The combine was composed of Merker & Fullerton, of St. Louis; Irwin & Maher, of Ohio; Robertson & Mercer, of this city; T. W. Kinser & Son, of this city and Muncie, and A. Bruner, of Indianapolis. It is intimated that perhaps some such combine existed in the letting of the recent contracts for brick pavements and sewers, amounting in all to about At the Council meeting to-night City Engineer Cooper asked for an investigation.

and the Mayor was authorized to appoint committee of three citizens to conduct it. here was much excitement about the buil ing. Tom Kinson, one of the contractors who was in the combine, and who the others believed gave the enap away to Fischer, attacked Jesse Robertson, contractor, and for a minute or two there was a fine display of pugitism in the hallway leading to the Council chamber. The Council rescinded the Fischer contract.

BRIBERY IN NEW JERSEY.

Legislators Were Paid for Their Votes on the Bill to Legalize the Reading Coal Deal. NEW YORK, March 21 .- Last Friday the Herald charged the use of a corruption fund of at least \$3,000,000 raised by interested capitalists and stock jobbers, to secure the passage through the New Jersey Legislature of the bill legalizing the Reading coal combination. To-day the Herald returns to the subject and states that: "Not more than half of the hideous secret is laid bare. There was bribery," it adds, "and enormous bribery at that. Proof of it is furnished on the word of State Senator Maurice Alexander Rogers, of Camden county, and his word will be accepted unquestionably from one end of the State to the other.' Senator Rogers, of New Jersey, in an in-

terview at Camden, is quoted as saying that at 10:30 A. M. of the day the bill passed ie was offered and refused \$10,000 to vote or the bill. The agent returned and offered more than \$25,000, though he does not state the exact figures. When asked if the sum was more than \$25,000 Senator Rogers said: "Yes, much more. You see I was to | from the house, and returned and dragged have made up the necessary majority so the agent told me. I will only say that it was sum so large that, put at 6 per cent. interest, I need not have worked any more." Senator Rogers was asked to expose the man who tried to bribe him. He replied: "The

people may blame me for withholding his [Continued on Second Page.]

Caused the Death of Seven Workmen and Gave Fatal Wounds to Four Others.

Saw-Mill Torn to Pieces by an Explosion That Was Heard Miles Away, and from Which Only One Man Escaped.

Another Boiler Kills Four and Severely Injures Four More at St. Louis.

Three of the Victims Blown 100 Feet in the Air and Crushed to Pulp by the Fall-Five Children Burned to Death.

SEVEN ARE DEAD

and Four Are Dying as the Result of a Boiles Explosion in Michigan.

CHARLEVOIX, Mich., March 21 .- A terrible explosion took place at East Jordan, this county, at an early hour this morning. One of the big mills of the East Jordan Lumber Company was torn to pieces, six men killed and several others fatally injured by the explosion of the boiler. The mill had been running but ten minutes when there was an awful shock, and the roof and all but one end of the mill was rent asunder. The inside of the big building is a complete wreck. The noise of the explosion was heard at this place, fourteen miles distant, and several car-loads of people and a physician started at once for the

scene of the accident.

The six men who were killed outright of died in a few minutes are: Arbutus Cook Will Beach, Simon Warney, J. C. Brown, Peter Sheldon and Maney Hunt. A. Christy, the head sawer, who was star tioned directly over the boiler, was hore ribly mangled, and has since died. S. Pearson, who ran the engine and was only a few feet from Christy, escaped uninjured. The engineer who has charge of both mills was James Potter. He had gone to breakfast, leaving the fireman, jury was following up any lead that might | John Ringle, in charge. Ringle was in the engine-room at the moment of the explosion, and is dangerously injured. The other injured men are James Smith, Sandy Reinhart and Charles Brown, all of whom

are in a critical condition. It is impossible to say what caused the explosion. Pearson, the only man in the mill who came out unhart, says it was probably due to low water or too high pressure, but blames no one for the accident. A boiler-maker from this place did some repairs on the boiler last week, and it is said that he told the proprietors that he was hardly satisfied with the job, but, owing to the boiler's peculiar situation, he could not get at it to fix it as he desired. Several men were working in the yard, and the smoke-stack fell on the horse of one teamster, mashing the cart and killing the horse, The mill was valued at \$10,000, was partially insured and will be rebuilt.

BLOWN UP 100 FEET.

Four Men Killed and Four Badly Hurt by

an Explosion at St. Louis Sr. Louis, March 21 .- As a result of the explosion of a boiler at the works of the Laclede Fire-brick Manufacturing Company, Manchester road, near Subjette avenue, Cheltenham, a St. Louis suburb, at 2:45 this afternoon, four men are lying dead, two are fatally injured and two more

seriously. The dead are: Larry Hussey, aged twenty-three, married, No. 1432 Billon avenue, crushed to death; Reynold Diedoke, aged forty, married, No. 1316 Graham avenue, thrown one hundred feet in the air; Joseph Beckley, aged nineteen, single, No. 5730 Columbia avenue, thrown one hundred feet in the air and crushed to death; John Dubuchti, aged forty-five, married, Brandon avenue, in Reber Place, thrown one

hundred feet in the air. The wounded are: Frank Zeger, aged nineteen, No. 1880 Pierce avenue, fatally scalded: Morgan Inman, aged thirty-three, single, Sulphur avenue, piece of iron blown into the skull, and also burt about face and body, fatally; James Summerfield, aged fifty married, No. 5117 Wilson avenue, badly cut about face, head, neck and body, but will recover; John Pellet, aged forty, Morganford road, slightly bruised and in-

shaken and cut but not at all badly. The boiler exploding was one of a battery of six, which, it is supposed, ran out of water, was suddenly supplied with cold water, and the explosion followed. The boiler-house was wrecked, the five uninjured boilers being unseated and piled in a heap. A fire started in the ruins, but was put out before the flames reached the bodies of the dead and wounded, and they were gotten out after much effort mangled only by the explosion, but they were torn in a terrible manner. Beckley, Dubuchy and Diedoke were at work on the boilerhouse roof putting up a whistle at the time of the explosion. Beckley and Dubuchy were blown high in the air, while Diedoke's body was found on the third floor of the clay-mixing building, having fallen from so great a height as to break a hole in the roof, passing through to the floor below it. Every bone in the body was broken and the head and face crushed beyond recognition. Dubuchy, who was assistant engineer, was blown high in the air and fell on the roof of the generatinghouse, a quivering, trembling mass of blood, flesh and bones. Beckley landed on the roof of the main building, also horribly crushed, All three of these men were undoubtedly blown at least 100 feet in the air, and falling, struck so heavily as to mash them out of all semblance to human shape. They never knew what killed them. Hussey was found in the ruins of the boiler-house crushed between the unseated boilers. He lived but a few minutes after he was found, but never spoke. All four of the dead were so borribly scalded that the flesh peeled off wherever touched.

The wounded men were at work in the immediate vicinity of the exploding beiler and were wounded by flying debris, by the steam and by the force of the explosion itself, which burled them a hundred feet away, one, Inman, being blown across the river. Des Peres. The pecuniary loss to the company will be from \$20,000 to \$25,000,

FIVE CHILDREN PERISH, Victims of a Burning Minnesota Home-The

Father Dies from Injuries. SLEEPY EYE, Minn., March 21 .- News of a terrible disaster, six miles south of Springfield, reached here last night. A house took fire, and five children fell victims to the flames. The oldest was about twenty-two. The father was severely scorched, probably fatally. He was pulled out by a boy of fourteen years. Only one inmate escaped unburt. He woke up, ran his father out. The mother was absent from home at the time. The father had just returned from the East. His name is

Leabay. The five children were sleeping up stairs when the fire broke out. Hemmed in by the fire they were unable to escape, and the floor broke with their weight, throwing